§524.960

300 pounds, apply 4 milliliters (mL); for animals weighing 301 to 600 pounds, apply 8 mL; for animals weighing 601 to 900 pounds, apply 12 mL; for animals weighing 901 to 1,200 pounds, apply 16 mL; and for animal weighing over 1,200 pounds, apply 20 mL. For most effective results, cattle should be treated as soon as possible after heel-fly activity ceases. A second application is required for animals heavily infested with lice or for those which become reinfested. A second application should be made no sooner than 35 days after the first treatment.

- (ii) *Indications for use*. For control of cattle grubs and as an aid in controlling lice on beef cattle and on dairy cattle not of breeding age.
- (iii) Limitations. Do not use on animals simultaneously or within a few days before or after treatment with or exposure to cholinesterase-inhibiting drugs, pesticides, or chemicals. Hostparasite reactions such as bloat, salivation, staggering and paralysis may sometimes occur when cattle are treated while the common cattle grub (Hypoderma lineatum) is in the gullet, or while the northern cattle grub (H.bovis) is in the area of the spinal cord. Cattle should be treated before these stages of grub development. Consult your veterinarian, extension livestock specialist, or extension entomologist regarding the timing of treatment. If it is impossible to determine the area from which the cattle came and/or exact stage of the grubs, it is recommended that the cattle receive only a maintenance ration of low-energy feed during the treatment period. This lessens the likelihood of severe bloat which may occur in cattle on full feed when the common grub is killed while in the gullet. Do not treat dairy cattle of breeding age; calves less than 3 months old; sick, convalescent, or severely stressed livestock. Do not treat cattle for 10 days before or after shipping, weaning, dehorning, or after exposure to contagious or infectious diseases. Do not slaughter within 45 days of treatment
- (3) Dogs—(i) Amount. Four to 8 milligrams per kilogram of body weight. Apply the contents of the proper size, single-dose tube directly to one spot on the dog's skin.

- (ii) *Indications for use*. For flea control on dogs only.
- (iii) *Limitations*. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[79 FR 10968, Feb. 27, 2014]

§ 524.960 Flumethasone, neomycin, and polymyxin B ophthalmic solution.

- (a) Specifications. Each milliliter of ophthalmic preparation contains 0.10 milligram flumethasone, 5.0 milligrams neomycin sulfate (3.5 milligrams neomycin base), and 10,000 units of polymyxin B sulfate, with or without hydroxypropyl methylcellulose.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See No. 054771 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use—(1) Amount—(i) Preparation containing hydroxypropyl methylcellulose. Dogs: 1 to 2 drops per eye, every 6 hours.
- (ii) Preparation without hydroxyproply methylcellulose. Dogs and cats: 2 to 3 drops per eye, every 4 hours.
- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of the inflammation, edema, and secondary bacterial infections associated with topical ophthalmological conditions of the eye such as corneal injuries, incipient pannus, superficial keratitis, conjunctivitis, acute nongranulomatous anterior uveitis, kerato- conjunctivitis, and blepharitis.
- (3) *Limitations*. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[44 FR 16012, Mar. 16, 1979, as amended at 61 FR 5507, Feb. 13, 1996; 79 FR 10968, Feb. 27, 2013]

§ 524.981 [Reserved]

§524.981a Fluocinolone cream.

- (a) Specifications. The drug contains 0.025 percent fluorinolone acetonide.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See No. 099207 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use in dogs—(1) Amount—A small amount is applied to the affected area two or three times daily.
- (2) Indications for use. For the relief of pruritis and inflammation associated with certain superficial acute and chronic dermatoses. It is used in the treatment of allergic and acute moist